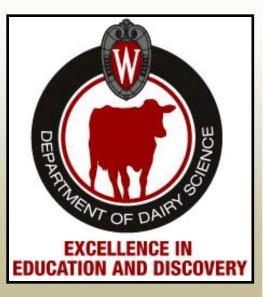
An Economic Decision-Making Model for Comparing Reproductive Management Programs in Dairy Herds

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How do I get her pregnant?

Heat Detection Ovsynch G-6-G PREYSNCH-OVSYNCH



- Command	: BREDS	UM∖E					
Date	Ht Elig	Heat	Pct	Pg Elig	Preg	Pct	Aborts
			===				
9/23/02	74	36	49	74	10	14	1
10/14/02	64	34	53	64	12	19	0
11/04/02	58	40	-	日本語の日本語を	15	27	3
11/25/02	C of J	7990	oodors	Deerseen	10	19	3
12/16/02	ABJORDE	0 185	oodors	ALL CONTRACTOR	10	20	2
1/06/03		DODINGS	\$10,00	D	8	18	0
1/27/03	Sine of		-	000	6	13	0
2/17/03			P	NAME	8	13	2
3/10/03				1400	13	19	0
3/31/03		THOM:	\$10.0	00	9	15	0
4/21/03			1	0.000	9	16	3
5/12/03		TASSE AND		Summe	7	12	1
6/02/03					11	19	1
6/23/03				SIGUOUS	12	18	3
7/14/03			Site	(ALL OF ALL OF	7	12	0
8/04/03				68	6	9	2
8/25/03	6	24	43	0	0	0	0
9/15/03	65	44	68	0	0	0	o
Total	952	499	52	940	153	16	21



Create a tool that allows "economic based" decision making for selection of reproductive management programs in dairy farms



Net Present Value

 Difference between the present value of cash inflows and the present value of cash outflows for different survival curves





Discounted Expected Monetary Value

$\mathsf{DEMV}(\mathsf{P})_{\mathsf{DIM}} = \sum \delta (\mathsf{P})_{\mathsf{s}} (\mathsf{EMV}(\mathsf{P})_{\mathsf{s}} - \mathsf{CS}_{\mathsf{s}})$

where:

- δ = daily discount rate
- s = reproductive service

S = number of reproductive services within defined DIM

EMV(P) = expected monetary value for cows becoming pregnant

CS = Cost of reproductive service





where:

CS = total breeding cost HOR = hormones required for synchronization (\$/service) LAB = labor required to administer hormones injections (\$/cow/day) AI = cost of insemination (includes semen and labor; \$/service) PD = pregnancy diagnosis (\$/cow/service)



Discounted Expected Monetary Value

 $DEMV(NP)_{DIM} = \delta(NP_s)[EMV(NP_s)+(SV+MVC-HRV)/(DIM)]$

where:

- δ = daily discount rate
- EMV(NP) = expected monetary value for cows not becoming pregnant
- SV = salvage value of a cow
- MVC = market value of a calf (weighted average of male and female offspring)
- HRV = heifer replacement value



Expected Monetary Value

 $EMV(P)_{s} = (MPV(P)+VNB-CFM(P)-CFD-CC(P)-CD(P))_{s}$

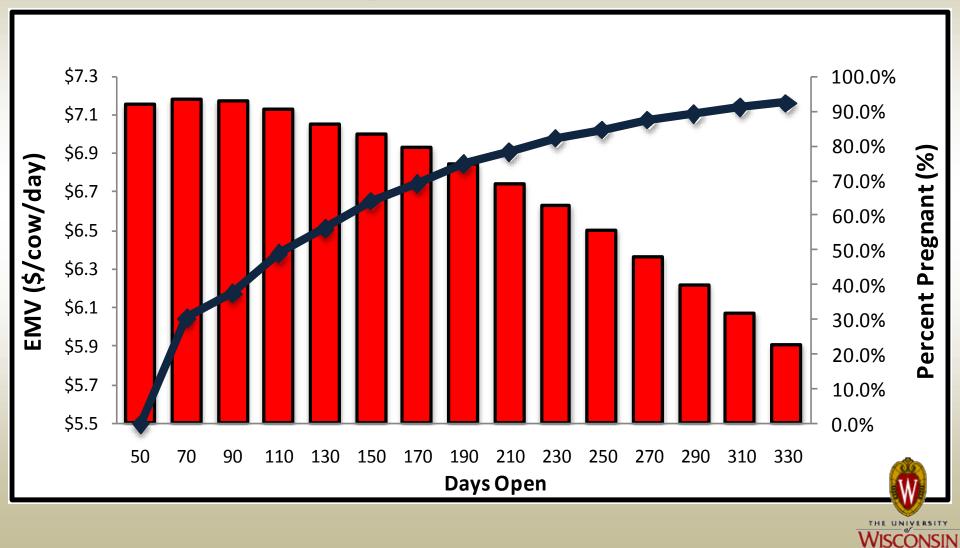
 $EMV(NP)_{s} = (MPV(NP)-CFM(NP)-CC(NP)-CD(NP))_{s}$

where:

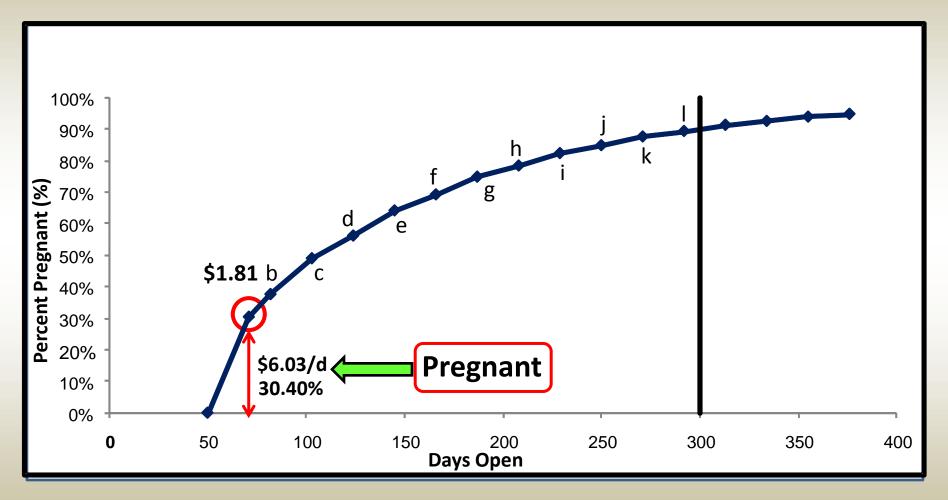
- MPV = milk production value (\$/d)
- VNB = value of a new born of pregnant cow (\$/d)
- CFM = cost of feed for milking cows (\$/d)
- CFD = cost of feed for dry cows (\$/d)
- CC = cost associated with involuntary culling (\$/d)
- CD = cost associated with unexpected death (\$/d)



Expected Monetary Value Pregnant Cows

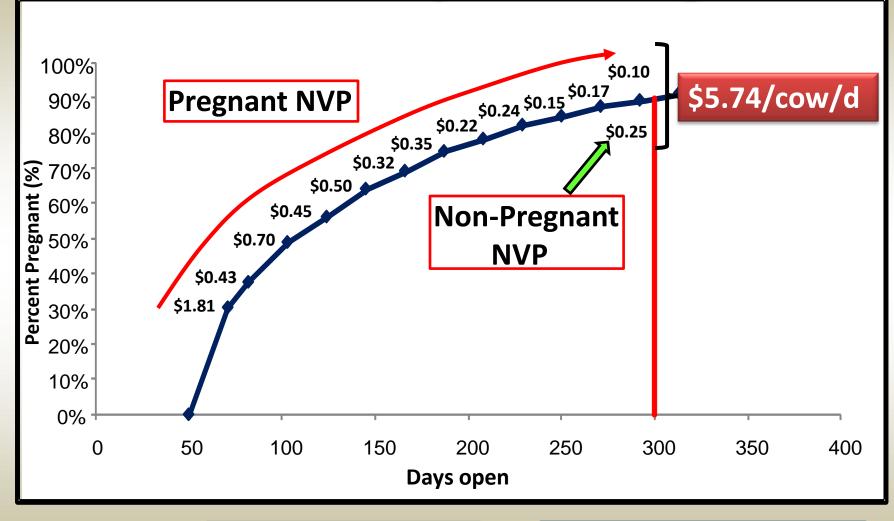


NPV for Repro Program





NPV for Repro Program



NPV = EMV (a + b + c...) + EMV (repro culls) Pregnant Non-Pregnant

Data Inputs Case Study



0.9% SODIUM

General Productive and Economic Parameters

		2. Lactatio	on Curves	Lact. 1	Lact. 2	Lact. > 2
4. Desiderative Designations		Cow N	lumber	363	244	353
1. Productive Parameters		Body Weig	ht (lb/cow)	1,350	1,400	1,450
3	960	Test	DIM 🗹	Define	Lactation Cu	rves Below
Rolling Herd Average (RHA) (lb/cow/y) 29000		1	15	77	105	107
Involuntary Culling Rate (%/y) 14.3		2	45	91	120	126
Mortality Rate (%/y) 8.00		3	75	94	120	128
Stillbirth Rate (%) 9.4	%	4	105	94	116	125
		5	135	93	112	120
		6	165	91	107	112
		7	195	89	98	104
		8	225	87	91	94
		9	255	83	82	86
		10	285	79	75	81
		11	315	76	68	71
		12	345	72	61	61
		13	375	70	57	60
		14	405	60	53	55
		17	495	56	45	40
		18	525	57	45	55
		19	555	54	29	2WISO

General Productive and Economic Parameters

3. Economic Parameters Check if total breeding costs are known							
Milk Price	(\$/cwt)	16.00					
Cost Feed Lactating (DM)	(\$/lb)	0.10					
Dry Period Fixed Cost	(\$/d)	2.20					
Female Calf Value	(\$/calf)	300					
Male Calf value	(\$/calf)	75					
Heifer Replacement Value	(\$/heifer)	1,600					
Salvage Value	(\$/cow)	780					
Labor Cost for Injection	(\$/hr)	15.00					
Heat Detection Cost	(\$/hr)	15.00					
Artificial Insemination Cost	(\$/cow)	17.00					
Interest Rate	(%/y)	6.5%					

Reproductive Program Selection

5.a. Repro	ductive Pr	ogram	Star	t			Sta	rt
	Current				Alterna	itive	e day	
1 st Service Postpartum	Double-Ovsy	nch	🔻 Sat	-	Double-Ovsynch		Sat	•
2 nd and Subsequent Services	Resynch-39)	▼ Tue	-	Resynch-25		Tue	▼
Resynch before preg check	NO				YES		-	▼
5.b. Repr	oductive I	Program	Paramete	rs				
			Current	Alter	native 100%	HD		
Voluntary Waiting P		(d)	85		85 50			
Estrus Cycle Duratio		(d)			22			
Maximum DIM for B	reeding			3	30			
DIM to 1 st TAI		(d)	85	8	85			
Interbreeding Interva	al	(d)	49	;	35			
Heat Bred Before 1 ^s	^t TAI	(%)	0%	0)% 55%	,		
CR Heat Bred Befor	e 1 st TAI	(%)	0%	0)% 33%	<mark>, </mark>		
Heat Bred After 1st 1	FAI	(%)	0%	0)% 55%	<mark>, </mark>		
CR Heat Bred After	1 st TAI	(%)	0%	0)% 30%	<mark>, </mark>		
CR 1 st Service TAI		(%)	47%	4	7%			
CR 2 nd + Services T/	AI I	(%)	32%	2	9%			
Calving Interval		(mo)		1	4.1			
Dry Period		(d)		(62			

> 100% Heat Breeding program used as baseline



Hormone Injections and Heat Detection Labor Cost

5.c. Hormones Cost Doses							
Hormone	Brand		Vial Cost	Vial			
GnRH	Fertagyl		19	10			
PGF	Lutalyse	-	40	20			
CIDR		-					
hCG	Chorulon	•	17.4	5			

5.d. Injections and Pregnancy Diagnosis Labor Cost: Current Program

	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
Inject. Laborers		3		1		2	
hr/d		3		1.5		1	
Cows Treated		120		45		20	
Preg. # Cows		45		0		0	
Diag. hr/d		2.75		0		0	

5.e. Injections and Pregnancy Diagnosis Labor Cost: Alternative Program

	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
Inject. Laborers		3		1		2	
hr/d		3.5		1.5		1	
Cows Treated		165		45		20	
Preg. # Cows		45		0		0	
Preg. # Cows Diag. hr/d		2.75		0		0	

5.f. Heat Detection Labor Cost

		Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
Heat	Laborers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Detect.	hr/d	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Preg.	# Cows	30	0	0	0	0	0	0
Diag.	hr/d	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Show Results for Parity								



Results



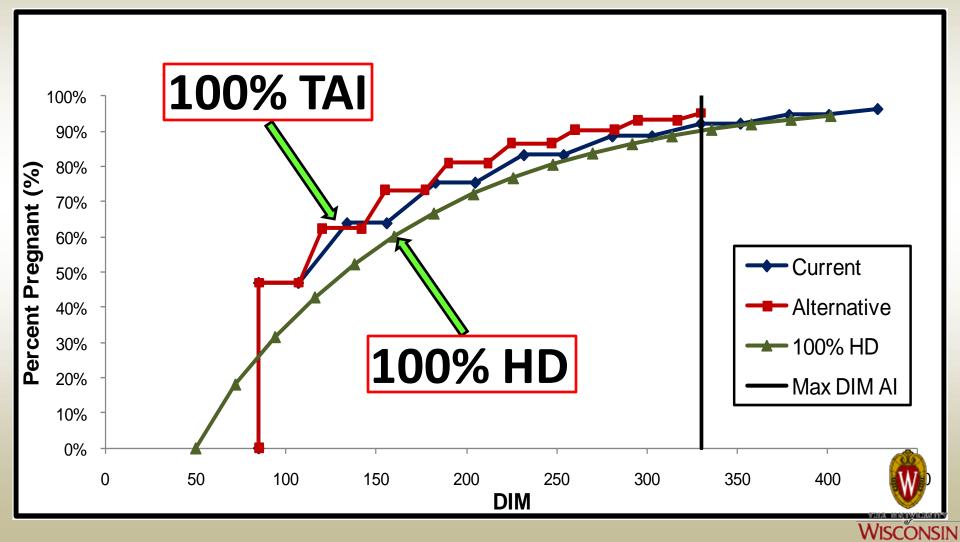


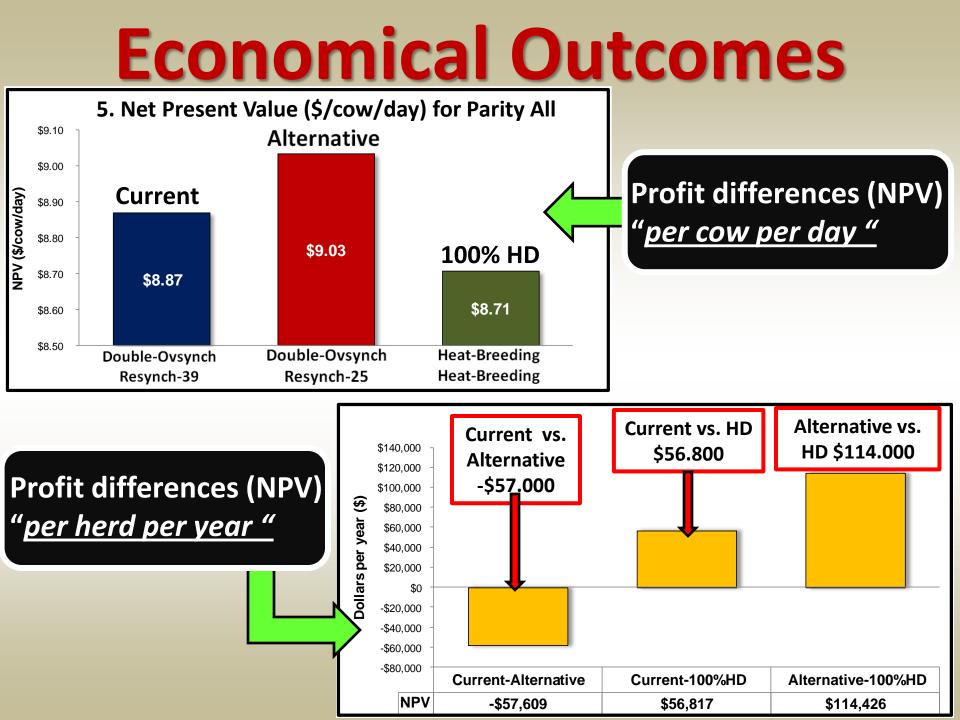
Breeding Costs

2. Reproductive Programs Summary								
Current Alternative Baseline								
1 st Service Postpartum	Double-Ovsynch	Double-Ovsynch	Heat Breeding					
2 nd and Following Services	Ovsynch	Ovsynch	Heat Breeding					
Cost 1st Service Breeding	\$40.98	\$42.30						
Cost Resynch Breedings	\$31.05	\$32.54						
Cost Heat Breedings	\$22.56	\$24.33	\$23.00					
Pregnancy Diagnosis Method	Palpation	Ultrasound	Palpation					
Pregnancy Diagnosis Cost	\$5.50	\$7.33	\$6.00					



Reproductive Performance Survival Curve







- Intended to compare different reproductive programs within the same farm
- Evaluate NPV differences between programs rather than absolute values
- Great flexibility to accommodate numerous reproductive programs and productive scenarios





- Breeding costs become trivial when compared to revenues realized by generating pregnancies
- Reproductive efficiency is the biggest driver of the economic outcome in the model



- All calculations are based on a single lactation
- Model does not account for pregnancy losses
- Assumes all breedings to estrus occur at a fixed interval



On the web: http://dairymgt.uwex.edu/tools.php#1

